STOCKS CLOSE ON A RALLY.

A CHECK GIVEN TO AGGRESSIVE BEARS

THE DETAILED BANK STATEMENT TO BE RE SUMED-ANOTHER FAVORABLE EXHIBIT PROMISED-GAINS IN EARNINGS

ON TWO BIG ROADS.

The bank statement to be issued to-day will give the detailed condition of all the banks, as well as the aggregate figures. It will be the first detailed statement issued since June 17, when the issue Clearing House loan certificates rendered it ad-visable to conceal the names of the institutions which needed assistance. Now that the surplus has run up to nearly \$50,000,000 the condion of the banks may be fully revealed without exciting anxiety. To-day's statement is expected to reflect another large accumulation of cash by the banks and another handsome gain in surplus

The expectation of a favorable showing helped to bring about a late rally in the stock market yes Other encouraging incidents were the interday. Other encouraging incidents were the in-crease in October gross earnings reported by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul and the Chicago. Rock Island and Pacific railroads. The gain in St. Paul for the fourth week in October was only about \$20,000, when Street predictions had run the figures up to \$100,000, but for the month the increase ore than \$200,000. The estimated gain in ock Island's October earnings was \$228,054. The heaviness of the foreign exchange market induced ophecies that next week would witness a larger import movement of gold. London cables, however, ported only a light demand for the precious metal in the open market.

metal in the open market.

A feature of the opening speculation was the advanced price of Louisville and Nashville. A better feeling respecting the acquisition of the Chesapeake. Ohio and Southwestern seemed to prevail in London, and first prices were \$9550%, against 48%, at Thursday's close. Subsequently there was a Thursday's close. Subsequently there was a trained to 48%, but the closing was at 49, a net gain of 8 per cent. The bears raided St. Faul down of 8 per cent. The bears raided St. Faul down from 69%, to 69%, but the raily carried the price to 65%. Rock Island was depressed from 69% to 66%, but recovered to 68%. There was a covering move-but recovered to 68%. There was a covering movement in Chicago, Burlington and Quincy which feft the price % per cent higher at 82%. The bears have been arguing that the earnings of the company did not warrant the declaration of a full dividend next week, but it was reported near the close that the regular 1% per cent would be announced for the quarter. Western Union Telegraph was forced down from 80% to 87%, but ended at 87% forced down from 80% to 87% but ended at 87% forced down from 80% to 87% but ended at 87% forced down from 80% to 87% but ended at 87% forced down from 50% to 87% but american Sugar flashing was broken from 101 to 97%, raillying to 89%, and Chicago Gas fell from 66%, to 62% ending at a raily to 65%. The bears were active all day, but the buils thought that they had overdone the work, and in the late dealings the market railed all along the line. Several net gains were secred. Delaware, Lackawanna and Western showing extreme strength on covering by a big bear interest. The usual ten-day statement of the kinds of money in which customs payments have been made shows a decrease of 5.9 per cent in the use of Treasury notes. Here ertificates and of 0.8 per cent in the use of Treasury notes, 10.2 per cent.

The directors of the New-York, Susquehanna and Western Raifroad have declared a dividend of 1½ per cent on the preferred stock, payable November 27 A feature of the opening speculation was the ad-The business failures reported to R. G. Dun & Co. for the week numbered 258 in the United States and 28 in Canada, a total of 386, compared with 286 in the previous week and 269 in the corresponding week of 1892.

A RECEIVER FOR A LACE COMPANY. MILL PANDS WHO DREW BIG WAGES AND DE-NOUNCED PROTECTION IN 1802 NOW CUTTING

THEIR OWN FIREWOOD IN THE FORESTS. The American Lace Company, of Patchogue, L. placed in the hands of a receiver. At a meeting held last week in this city the American stockholders agreed to an assessment on their stock to tide over the present difficulty, but as the largest stockholders live in Glasgow, Scotland, and Nottingham. England, it was impossible to hear from them soon enough, and application was made to have John A. Potter, president of the Patchogue Bank, appointed receiver. The business depression is the direct cause of the mill's closing. Creditors will be paid in fuil. The machinery, valued at \$150,000, will be started as soon as business warnants it, and the company will be reorganized. Two hundred people are out of employment. Twenty-five English weavers, getting \$30 and \$55 a week last year, are idle and some of them who wrote political articles last year for the local papers denouncing protection are cutting their own firemoved in the neighboring forests and are anxious to get a day laborer's wages. The closing of the mill has been a forcible but severe lesson to the Democrats of the village. ingham, England, it was impossible to hear from

LOCAL BUSINESS COMPLICATIONS.

okers, in November, 1887, was recalled yesterday by a judgment filed against A. S. and F. H. Hatch for \$8,723, in favor of John H. Richter, being the balance due at the time they failed, on margins, together with interest.

The Sheriff has levied on the office of the Essick Printing Telegraph Company, at No. 1 Broadway, on an attachment for \$6,910, in favor of way, on an attachment for 26,910, in favor of Frederick H. Wilkins, for services as secretary of the company from April 23, 1889, to June 6, 1893. The company was incorporated in April, 1889, with a capital stock of \$5,09,000, succeeding the National Printing Telegraph Company.

The Sheriff has received an attachment against the Boston Woven Cordage Company for \$2,000, in favor of Henry D. Watson, on two notes. It was served on B. M. Whittock, president of the company, yesterday, at the New-York office, No. 19 Union Square.

NATIONAL BANKING SYSTEM CRITICISED. London, Nov. 3.-"The Speaker" will say editorially to-morrow of the repeal of the silver-purchase clause of the Sherman act: "There is a feeling of relief in the United States and Europe. The repeal of the Sherman act paves the way to the restoration of prosperity in America Everybody knows now what the money of the United States is to be, and distrust will soon die out." The writer enumerates this list of reforms which

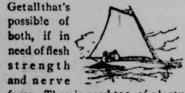
he says are needed badly in the United States and ought to be undertaken at once: Modification of the McKinley bill; revision of the pension list;

A MOTION IN THE CASE OF DR. MEYER. Judge Martine in General Sessions yesterday reserved decision on the motion of District-Attorney Nicoli to transfer the cases of Dr. Henry C. F. Meyer and his wife to the Court of Oyer and Terminer. The couple are indicted for polsoning Gustav rf. At. J. Brandt. Charles W. Brooke, for the defendants, opposed the motion.

CROUP TURNS OUT TO BE DIPHTHERIA. Dr. Cyrus Edson, of the Health Board, has sent letter to The Tribune calling attention to the fact that several cases of apparently membranous croup in the city had turned out to be dipatheria. The Health Board requests the co-operation of

Fresh Air and Exercise.

possible of both, if in need of flesh



force. There's need, too, of plenty of fat-food.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil builds up flesh

and strength quicker than any

other preparation known to sci-

Scott's Emulsion is constantly effeeting Cure of Consumption, Bronchitis and kindred diseases where other methods FAIL.

red by Scott & Bowns, N. Y. All drug

physicians of the city in order to establish defi-nitely or to refute the contagiousness of the so-called membranous croup, and the board requests physicians to report such cases as if they were cases of contagious disease. Dr. Edson's letter is accompanied by a report to the Health Board from H. M. Biggs, chief inspector, in which he says that during the last four months nearly 84 per cent of the cases of so-called membranous croup referred to this department for bacteriologi-cal examination have proved to be diphtheria.

FREEHOLDERS TO THE BAR

SENTENCE PASSED ON THE CONVICTED MEMBERS OF THE BOARD AT PATERSON.

JOHN E. FOALKS AND INSPECTOR THOMAS HOWARD GET EIGHTEEN MONTHS IN PRISON

AT HARD LABOR-AN APPEAL TAKEN. Not since the last hanging in Passaic County, four and a half years ago, has there been such a crowd in and about the courthouse in Paterson as there was yesterday to hear Judge Dixon pass sentence upon the convicted members of the Board of Freeholders of 1891-92. The chief interest was in the cases of Freeholder John E. Foalks and the county bridge and light inspector, Thomas Howard, convicted of extorting a bribe from F. W. Rumpf, an architect, for awarding him the plans of a new courthouse. These two were first ordered to stand up. Their counsel, Mr. Ward, made a pathetic plea for mercy, saying that they were men with families and had been ruined by politics. Judge Dixon said that he was sorry for the wives and children, but the fact that the innocent must suffer with the guilty was a public safeguard. He sentenced Foalks and Howard to eighteen months in State Prison at hard labor and to pay the costs. Their lawyer immediately presented a writ carrying the case to the Court of Errors and Appeals. Judge Dixon, pending the decision of the appeal, fixed bail at

\$3,000 each. They secured bondsmen.

After the sentence of Howard and Foalks, Judge Dixon denied the motion for a new trial in the cases of the members of the Committee on Jail and Workhouse, convicted of exceeding the appro-priation by making electric road-lighting contracts for more than a year. There was one exception, however, the case of Mr. Giblin, of Passaic, whose

for more than a year. There was one exception, however, the case of Mr. Giblin, of Passalc, whose conviction, the judge said he would set aside because, aithough Giblin had voted to "receive" the report of the committee when presented to the board, it was not shown that he had voted for the contract in the committee to which the matter had been referred with power.

The men who voted to buy a \$10,000 courthouse site when there was no lawful appropriation therefor were next sentenced. Their counsel urged the plea that their offence was technical, without criminal intent, and they had acted under the advice of the County Counsel. The Judge concurred in this view, but said that public servants must be taught to know the laws. He sentenced each of the convicted to pay a fine of \$100 and costs, and gave them ten days to do it in. They are Cornelius Quackenhush, John E. Fosiks, Henry Wardle, James Carroil, John H. Morrow. Thomas Howard, Thomas Giblin, J. S. Biddell, F. J. Marley, H. M. Berdan, J. H. Tinte, John C. Roe and William Patterson. The Judge said that similar reasons for clemency applied to the members of the committee who voted for the road-lighting contracts, and the same sentence, a fine of \$100 and costs, was imposed on each of the following: John H. Morrow, F. J. Mariey, John E. Fosiks, H. M. Berdan and J. H. Tintle.

The severity of the sentences imposed on Fosiks and Howard meets with general approval, as the evidence against them was conclusive, and they had long since earned the reputation of men who were in politics for "what there was in it."

GARFIELD BANK LOST HEAVILY BY HIM.

GFORGE LINGARD, WHO ROBBED IT OF \$13,000 BY FORGED CHECKS, AND WHO HAS BEEN

STEALING SINCE 1881, JUST ARRESTED. George Lingard, a little, round-shouldered man, fifty years old, of No. 467 Halsey-st., Brooklyn, has been forging checks and stealing money from his employers for years without getting into jail for his crimes, was arrested on Brooklyn Bridge yesterday by Detective-Sergeants O'Brien and McCauley and locked up at Police Headquar-ters. He refused to tell where he lived. The police learned to know him in 1881, when he was a publisher at No. 40 Vesey-st., and procured \$5,000 by forgeries on the Chase National Bank. He escaped conviction and it was reported that he had made settlement with the bank. He was an expert accountant, and was with a merchant named Dreyfuss, whom he robbed of \$4,000 by forged checks. Again he made a settlement to escape being sent to prison. From April, 1889, to June, 1890, he was employed by Christian A. Schmidt, a dealer in uphoisterers' materials at No. 449 West Fourteenth-st. He forged Schmidt's name on checks, opened a private account in the Garfield National Bank, and kept adding to the account by means of forged checks. In ail he used 207 such checks and stole \$13,000 from Schmidt.

when Lingard's forgeries were discovered an absolute divorce. The The failure of A. S. Hatch & Co., bankers and Schmidt did not cause the arrest of the man, but he sued the Garfield Bank for \$13,000 and got a judgment. The bank officials carried the case to the Court of Appeals and were beaten. Meanwhile

the Court of Appeals and were beaten. Meanwhile Lingard had been forging and stealing in other places. As the cashier for Garritee, Son & Ailen, at No. 518 Market-st. Philadelphia, he stole \$500 by means of forged checks. Then he found employment with the John H. Eastwood Wire Company, at Belleville, N. J., opened a private account in a Brooklyn bank and stole \$500 from the company by means of clever forgeries.

A week ago John J. Adams, the lawyer, at No. 350 Broadway, who is counsel for the Garfield National Bank, arked Inspector McLaughin to arrest Lingard, who was believed to be living in Brooklyn. He said the bank officials would prosecute Lingard for the forgeries by which the bank had lost \$13,000. The prisoner was remanded at the Jefferson Market Police Court, and he will be arraigned there again to-day.

CARL SCHURZ A DELINOUENT JUROR.

HE IS FINED \$100, AND AN EXECUTION IS TO BE ISSUED TO THE SHERIFF-SERVED AT THE COOPER UNION WITH AN ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE.

Carl Schurz is a delinquent juror and Corporation Counsel Clark is endeavoring to collect the Mr. Schurz was summoned as juror to attend in Part I of the Supreme Court for the November term : 1892. The notice was served on him by a deputy sheriff at No. 59 Wall-st, on October 30, 1892. of the McKinley bill; revision of the pension list; restoration of the slow-oldo gold reserve in the Treasury—If necessary, through a loan at home or abroad; and a complete overhauling of the National banking system. While acknowledging that the National banking system. While acknowledging that the National banks of the United States are splentially managed, the writer condemns the system that Assistant Corporation Counsel Thomas E. as utteriy bad.

"The Statist' insists that since the repeal of the Bush has been vainly endeavoring to serve Mr. Schurz with an order to show cause why a payment five finances of the United States is the reform of the banking system. It predicts a further fail of the banking system. It predicts a further fail of the sarribing the present steadiness of the Balver, sarribing the present steadiness of the Balver, sarribing the present steadiness of the market to the heavy repurchases made by the bear element. English investors are advised to hold aloof from all transactions in American securities. "No solid advance of prices will be poscurities." No solid advance of prices will be poscurities. "No solid advance of prices will be poscurities." No solid advance of prices will be poscurities. "No solid advance of prices will be poscurities." "No solid advance of prices will be poscurities Rush has been vainly endeavoring to serve Mr. Schurz, they have not been able to serve him. When Mr. Rush was informed that Mr. Schurz was to be one of the principal speakers at the Cooper Union mass-meeting on Thursday night he made up his mind that then at least, he would be able to serve him with his order to show cause. Mr. Schurz had just firished his speech at Cooper Union when Policeman Francis B. Crowley stepped up and served him with the notice, it directed him to appear before Judge Truax in Supreme Court, Special Term, Part II, yesterday morning at 10:29 o'clock, Mr. Schurz did not appear, and judgment was taken against him by default. An execution will now be issued to the Sheriff, and if Mr. Schurz does not pay the fine proceedings will be taken against him for contempt of court.

THE GRAND JURY DISCHARGED.

MANY INDICTMENTS FOUND IN ELECTION CASES -PRAISE OF JUDGE MARTINE.

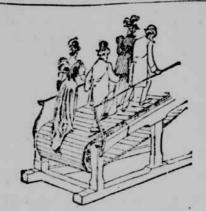
The October Grand Jury was discharged in Part I of General Sessions yesterday by Judge Martine. District-Attorney Nicoli arose to say that the foreman had asked him to make a statement about a certain newspaper article. Judge Martine in-

terrupted him, saying:
"Is it necessary to take such cognizance of a newspaper article? The officers of this court are not controlled in the discharge of their duty by

Mr. Nicoll persisted, however, "This article," he went on, Teclares that the Grand Jury was the worst since the days of Tweed. Admitting that it was written by an honest observer, it is grossly libellous. The Grand Jury has considered over 600 cases, and has found over 200 indictments in cases of illegal registration."

Judge Martine then paid a high tribute to the industry and efficiency of the Grand Jury. About sixty indictments were handed in yesterday. It was understood that none of these related to the charges of perjury and forgery made against signers of the nomination certificates of James A. Moorehead and Waiter W. Bahan, the independent candidates for the Assembly. It was further said that no action was taken in relation to Dr. Parkhurst's charges against Hugh Slevin, a member of the Grand Jury.

James W. Boyle, Tammany leader of the IXth Assembly District, continues to act as if he were one of the men in control of the District-Attorney's office. Yesterday afternoon he spent half an hour in Mr. Nicoli's desk, ringing for messengers in the public service and dispatching them on his personal errands. industry and efficiency of the Grand Jury. About



reduced prices away below the lowest low-water mark. BEST ROYAL WILTONS, \$1.50. 3-shoot Wilton Velvets, Soc., formerly \$1.25. ORIENTAL RIGS less than auction prices.

J. & J. DOBSON,

2 East 14th Street.

THE COURTS.

SAYS SHE WAS FORCED TO INDORSE NOTES. MRS. GUNNING'S DEFENCE TO A SUIT AGAINST

HER-A NIECE OF LELAND STANFORD. Mrs. Christine Lathrop Gunning, a niece of the late Senator Leland Stanford, makes a strange indorsed for her husband, Thomas B. Gunning, before she secured a divorce from him. The suit against her was brought by the Lincoln National Bank, which is the present holder of the note. Judgment was secured on the note in Connecticut Under the will of Senator Stanford the defendant

gets a legacy of \$100,000, and recently supplementary proceedings have been instituted for the purpose of examining the defendant as to her property. Waiter P. Butler was appointed receiver of her property. She is now trying to have the judgment set aside.

In the affidavit which she made for the purposes of that motion she charges gross cruelty on the part of her husband before she secured a divorce from him. The note which is the subject of the suit, she declares, he forced her to sign. She tells of many cruelties on his part while he was forcing her to sign notes and checks on which he might raise money. She declares that she told Cashier Cornell, of the Lincoln Bank, not to accept any more of her notes and checks from her husband, as she was receiving no benefit from them.

them.

The first she heard of this suit, she says, was on July 3 last, when she learned that the judgment had been entered against her. She lived in Connecticut during her married life. Her counsel made a motion before Judge Barrett, in the Supreme Court, Chambers, to set aside the judgment on the grounds already mentioned. This motion Judge Barrett denied.

RITS OF LEGAL NEWS.

Samuel M. Abrams, the young lawyer who was sent to Ward's Island some time sets on a charge of being insane, was before a commission and Sherir's jury in peared before Police Justice Hogan some time ago and asked to be committed to Ward's Island, and he was committed. Later he was sent to Bioomingdale and committed. Late: he was sent to Bioomingdale and afterward to Ward's Island again. The case was ad-

Frederick S. Clara das they were on their wedding wers as happy yes creary as they were on their wedding day, in all probability. The husband had brought a suit for an entument of his marriage on the ground suit for an entument of his marriage on the ground to the had taken place under duress. The case cane before Judge Glegerich, in the Court of Common Pleas, told the Court that he was willing to take lack his wife and provide priperly for her. Judga Giegerich sug-gested that they retire to an unoccupied courtroom and make up their differences. They did so, and a few minutes later Judge Giegerich granted a motion to dis-

tocky" company, has become a suit in the Superior Court against Harrison Welfe Williams, the actor, for The pisintiff's name in private life

CHARGES OF CRUELTY DENIED.

THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVASSA COMPANY SAYS THAT THE MEN HAVE HARD WORK, BUT ARE NOT ARUSED.

Ethan Allen, secretary of the Navassa Phosphate Company, of No. 115 Broadway, replied yester-day to the charges of ill-treatment made by a num-citizens for twenty years, but they mislaid their ber of men just returned from the island While he admitted the rigorous discipline and hard work, he denied, to the best of his knowledge, that the employes were not properly fed.
"The trouble is," he said, "the men want cham-

agne and terrapin to eat, a palatial Cunarder to travel on, and expect to find a l'topia when they arrive. Instead, they find an unattractive island and downright hard labor, but as those conditions were stipulated in the contract they should not

complain.

"This is not the first time complaints have been made by men who have returned dissatisfied. Three years ago complaints were lodged with the State bepartment, which had established a protectorate over Navassa Island. The matter was referred by Mr. Blaine, then Secretary of State. to Secretary Trucy, of the Navy Department, who ordered the cruiser Kearsarge to the Island. In the report summitted by her commander he states that he found the charses exaggerated. While the maintenance of strict discipline is admitted, it is made necessary by the large number of men, varying from 600 to 700, officered by only a dozen omeinis. The men are of a low class, and consequently of a rough character."

"Have there never been any cases where the men were treated wrongly?"

"Why, yes, a few, but we discharged the superintendent and believe the present one is humane, Vice-President John N. Fowler went down to the island last year to personally investigate the numerous complaints. He stayed three weeks, and ate the much-complained-of food, but found it wholesome. I believe, as I have said before, it is the wailing and gnashing of teeth of men who expected champagne and terrapin, and received instead hardtack and less delectable victuals. The officers of the company may come on to New-York to refute these fresh charges." "This is not the first time complaints have been

BROTHERHOOD OF ANDREW AND PHILIP MEETS The second day's session of the first Federal convention of the Brotherhood of Andrew and Philip was opened at 10 a. m. yesterday in the Marble st. At the afternoon session there was a large attendance. The Rev. Ford C. Ottman, of Newark, attendance. The Rev. Ford C. Ottman, of Newark, presided. Addresses were delivered by the Rev. S. H. Phillips, of Durham, Penn.; the Rev. W. S. Kelsey, of Boston; W. H. Smeaton, the Rev. M. Hardy, of Boston; the Rev. Alfred E. Myers, of the Marble Church, and the Rev. Dr. H. Y. Satterlee. Anthony Comstock, agent of the Society for the Suppression of Vice, spoke on "Rescue and Reform Work," and was heartily applauded. The Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst, who was received with loud and prolonged applause, spoke on "The Christian Young Man and the Duttes of Citizenship." At the closing session in the evening an address on "The Brotherhood in Co-optration with Christian Endesvor" was made by the Rev. Dr. Francis E. Clark, of Boston.

THE JOES WILL REAPPEAR AFTER ELECTION. Renewed symptoms of the purpose of Tammany Hall to enter boldly upon the wildest forms of extravagance as soon as the election is over appeared in the meeting of the Board of Street Opening yesterday. One of these jobs was concealed in a resolution for changing the grade of Forty-eighth, a resolution for changing the grade of Forty-eighth, Forty-ninth and Fiftieth sts. at Twelfth-ave. This will cost the city \$400,000. There is no Twelfth-ave, at this point. The avenue is the bed of the North River. The money of the taxpayers will, therefore, be spent to change a large area of land North like the form of the resolution, and so this job went over, but it will come up again a day or two after the building sites for some-body's benefit. The bill authorizing the change of the grade was put through the Legislature inst winter, under the direction of Senator G. W. Plunkitt, and he is said to be interested in the project. The Mayor made the objection that he wanted to hear from the Dock Commissioners before the matter was acted upon, and it went over until after the election.

Another scheme, involving a £00,000 expenditure, was the building of sewers in twenty-four streets of the Annexed District, tille to which has not been acquired by the city. The Mayor said that he did not like the form of the resolution, and so this job went over, but it will come up again a day or two after the election, with many companion pieces of all sizes.

POLITICAL ODDS AND ENDS.

ORDERS WHICH THE POLICE SHOULD GET. PRESIDENT MARTIN'S ATTENTION CALLED TO THE STATUTES GOVERNING WATCHERS

AT THE POLIS. There is a determined purpose abroad among Republicans to have a fair election and an honest count in this city next Tuesday. Ex-Assemblyman Alfred R. Conkling has addressed a letter to Presi-dent James J. Martin, of the Police Board, asking dent James J. Martin, of the Police Board, asking him to give the instructions which the law requires to the captains of the various precincts, in accordance with the provisions of statutes which he cites. These are that challengers and watchers have a right to be at the polis, and must be protected in the discharge of their duties, and that watchers must be allowed inside the guard rail from the opening until the closing of the polis. Mr. Conkling calls President Martin's attention to the fact that Republican watchers and challengers did not receive police protection last year, instancing the experiences of General Collis, Mr. Lafon and Mr. Newell, which have been published in full, and he insists that policemen should be officially informed of the rights of challengers and watchers on election day.

SOME INTERESTING DISCOVERIES. WELL-KNOWN NAMES WHICH CERTAIN DEMO-

CRATS HAVE FOUND TO BE EITHER ON OR OFF THE REGISTRY LISTS.

Certain Democrats have been studying the printed registration lists with keen scrutiny, and have made some interesting discoveries. These Demo-crats say that Colonel Lamont, Secretary of War, has registered in this city in previous years, but that his name does not appear on the registry lists this year. Ex-Mayor Grant is registered, but

lists this year. Ex-Mayor Grant is registered, but ex-Mayor Grace is not. Ex-Mayors Cooper, Edson and Hewitt are registered. Maurice J. Power, former leader of the County Democracy and now United States Shipping Commissioner at this port by the appointment of President Cleveland, is not registered.

These scrutinizing Democrats who have been examining the registry lists say that the names of the Vanderbilts, of John Jacob Astor and of the Goulds are not on the rolls. Among the well-known men who have registered are John D. Rockefeller, Russell Sage, William C. Whitney, Oliver H. Payne, Collector Kilbreth, Robert Grier Monroe, Charles S. Fairchild, the Rev. Drs. Charles H. Parkhurst and John Hall, and Wheeler H. Peckham and Frederic R. Coudert.

VOTE FOR GEORGE W. STEPHENS.

The most important local office to be voted for this year in the district above the Harlem River the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth wards. The an able New-York lawyer of unquestioned integrity and independence, and a stanch Republican, living at Kingsbridge. Opposed to him is Louis F. Haffer at Kingsbridge. Opposed to him is Louis F. Haffen, previously rejected by the people at the polls, but appointed to the office by Mayor Gilroy immediately after the death of the man of their choice; nominated at the dictation of the Tammany boss in opposition to the known wishes of many prominent Tammany men of the home district.

Mr. Stephens is energetic, aggressive and fearless, while Mr. Haffen has shown his subservience to boss rule by his first official act—the appointment of a discredited man as his deputy.

Every Republican and every friend of honest government in the Annexed District should use his influence and cast his vote for George W. Stephens for Commissioner.

ELECTION DISTRICTS OF THE STATE. Albany, Nov. 3.-The Secretary of State figures that there are 5,150 election districts in this fail, against 5,168 last year. New-York City's number is unchanged-4,137. The number of districts in Kings County is increased by six to 677, of which 654 are in Brooklyn.

NEW-YORK REPEATERS REACH BUFFALO. Buffalo, Nov. 3 (Special).-The Tribune's announcement to-day that a gang of "toughs" and thugs had been gathered in New-York and for-warded to Buffalo for Lieutenant-Governor Sheehan's use on Election Day is verified by the arhan's use on Election Day is verified by the arrival of a gang of forty of them this afternoon at the law office of Devoe P. Hodson, a Sheehan henchman and an officeholder under the State machine. Nearly the entire crowd were sent into the First, Second, Third and Nineteenth wards to do preliminary work. The incoming trains from New-York were watched closely last night and this morning. It is supposed that the gang were dropped off outside the city. Their arrival here was not generally known until they had been distributed from Hodson's office.

THEY REFUSE TO SWALLOW MAYNARD. Lyons, N. Y., Nov. 3 (Special).-There is no disguising the fact that there is a strong feeling among Democrats in Wayne County against the nomination of Maynard for a Justice of the Court of Appeals. This feeling was fully shown when of Assembly from Wayne County, signified his intention of working against Maynard and support-Since this bold declaration The defendant is at present every effort has been made to induce Williams to change his views. W. A. Poucher, of Oswego, has promised him a custom-house clerkship if he will only stand up for the party and not bolt Maynard, an admission that Williams cannot carry Wayne at all. The bolt against Maynard is going to be a big one in the rural districts. The farmers are well informed in this locality.

FORCED TO REGISTER THREE CITIZENS. Judge Gildersleeve, in the Supreme Court, yesterday issued a peremptory mandamus requiring the election inspectors to register the names of Simon Wormser, the banker, who lives at No. 836 Fifthave., and Meyer Feuchtwanger, of No. 64 East papers and could not find them when the demand was made by the inspectors. They offered their citiwas made by the inspectors. They onered their citizenship passports, which had been issued to them by the State Department to Mr. Wormser in 1831 and Mr. Feuchtwanger in 1833, as evidence of the fact that they were citizens, but the inspectors refused to accept this evidence. Judge Gildersleeve says it was an abuse of power for the inspectors to refuse to register these men who had voted for twenty years.

twenty years.

The Police Board yesterday gave orders to the inspectors of election in the Fourteenth Election District of the XXIId Assembly District to reconvene last evening and register Bernard Vogel, a man whom they previously refused to register. The order was given in obedience to a writ of mandamus by Judge Barrett.

MANY WOMEN REGISTER IN SCHUYLER COUNTY.

Corning, N. Y., Nov. 3.-In Schuyler County, out of a registry of 4,812, there are 1,933 women regis-tered.

A GOOD MAN FOR CIVIL JUSTICE. Major Thomas B. Odell, the Republican candidate for Civil Justice in the VIIth Judicial District, is making a lively canvass, and his friends are san-guine that he will run far ahead of his ticket. He is a trained lawyer of ability and standing, and thoroughly qualified by education and temperamen soldler of the Civil War and his old companions-in-



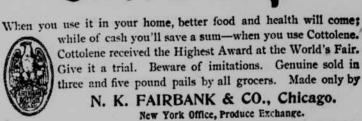
Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others, and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of

form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers, and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without

acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them, and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c. and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Did you see it at The Fair? Cottolene You can get it anywhere -Cottolene



arms of the Loyal Legion and the Grand Army of the Republic are standing by him in this fight. Citizens of the VIIth Judicial District, without distinction of party, who are tired of seeing Tammany "heelers" elevated to places of honor and responsibility in this city should show their disapproval by voting for Thomas B. Odeli for Civil Justice next Tuesday.

MR. HALE DISAPPROVES OF THE ADDRESS. Albany, Nov. 3.-Frank M. Loomis, of Buffalo; William Potts and George McAneny, of New-York City, and other members of the New-York State Service Reform League met at the Kenmore Hotel here a few days ago and issued an address to the people, over the name of Matthew Hale as president of the association, in which address Governor Flower and other State officials were criticised in regard to their action in carrying out the State Civil Service Reform law. The Governor has received the following communication, which he makes public with the permission of the writer:

My Dear Governor Flower: I was surprised to find, of the evening of Friday last, an "address to the people of the State," which purported to be signed by myself, a president, and by the secretary of the New-York Civ. Service League, containing some derogatory statemen in regard to you. I was not present at the meeting which the so-called "address" was adopted, and never signed or authorized any one to sign my name thereta. The statements with respect to you therein I entired isapprove of, and, as soon as I saw the document, notified e secretary of the league of my disapproval. I have since been informed that the paper was left with

a person here, with instructions not to publish it until was submitted to me and approved by me; but it see that by mistake these instructions w Very possibly you may not have seen this document, but I feel that, in justice to myself, I should apprise you of the facts as above stated. I have requested the secretary not to continue in any way the publication of the paper, and he has assured me that it will not be done. Regretting very much that my name should have aptoward you, I remain, very truly yours.

MATTHEW HALE.

Gov. Roswell P. Flower. P. S.-1 should have written earlier, but understood you were away from home. M. II.

JOHN F. M'INTYRE PROMOTED. After consulting with Congressman John R. Fellows yesterday, District-Attorney Nicoll appointed John F. McIntyre Assistant District-Attorney, to succeed ex-Judge Gunning S. Bedford, Mr. Mc Intyre's salary is raised from \$6,000 to \$7,500 a year, John D. Lindsay will receive Mr. McIntyre's old salary, an increase for him of \$1,500 a year. Colo-nel Robert Townsend secures an advance of \$500 to 4,500. The vacancy caused by these promotions, it is said, will be filled by John L. O Brien, of the Corporation Counsel's office, a son of the late John J. O'Brien, at the instance of Richard Croker. Mr. McIntyre has won some creditable victories in trials in which success seemed impossible.

VOTE FOR A. J. CAMPBELL.

The Republican candidate for the Senate in the VIIth District is A. J. Campbell, who has been a ss man in this city for forty years, enjoying a fine reputation and being highly respected by all his friends. He is an iron manufacturer, and for twenty years has been a member of the Mechanics and Traders' Exchange. He was an Assemblyman in 1876 of integrity and ability, and as a State Senator would undoubtedly again make

COLONEL G. W. ROBERTSON'S CANVASS. Colonel George W. Robertson, the Republican candidate for Senator in the XVth Senate District, deserves the votes of all Republicans and all Democrats who are interested in good government. He is a well-known business man, a veteran of the war, and has been a member of the Assembly, as well as Supervisor of the town of Cortlandt. He is a man of sterling integrity and is receiving strong support in his active canvass.

COLORED MEN TO RATIFY THE TICKET. A ratification meeting under the auspices of the Colored County Campaign Committee will be held this evening at Grand Opera House Hall, Eighthave. and Twenty-third-st. Jacob H. Simms will preside and the county candidates and others will

TO RESTRAIN WOMEN FROM VOTING. Auburn, N. Y., Nov. 3.-Injunctions were granted by Justice Rumsey this evening which will restrain the women of the two school election districts the women of the two school election districts of Cayuga County from voting for School Commissioners at the coming election. The applications were made by the two Republican candidates. Two thousand, eight hundred and sixty-six women are registered who will be deprived of their votes,

PRICES IN THE MARKETS.

THE QUALL SEASON OPENS-CANVASBACKS SCARCE -FRUITS AND NUTS.

The season in which quait may be lawfully sold in this State began on Wednesday. It will continue until February 1. There is a prospect of a good supply, with prices ranging between \$250 a dozen and \$350, according to the part of the city in which the birds are purchased. The gunning season began on the first of the month likewise in the famous celery flats of the Susquehanna River, and the Gunpowder and other streams emptying into the Susquehanna, near Havre de Grace. Thousands of redheads, blackheads, etc., are reported as having been killed by sportsmen and pothunters. Canvasbacks are said to be scarce, though. Nearly all these birds are

and pothunters. Canvasbacks are said to be scarce, though. Nearly all these birds are brought up and shipped from Havre de Grace to this and other Northern cities. Canvasbacks are worth 34 to 85 a pair; redheads, 83 to 83 50 a pair; bluewing and greenwing teal, 75 cents, and mailards, \$150 a pair; Blackheads, cost \$1 a pair. Other kinds of game are beginning to be plentiful. Corn snipe are 75 cents a dozen; golden plover, \$2 adozen; blackbirds, 50 cents a dozen; prairte chickens and grouse, \$1 25 and \$1 50 a pair; woodcock, \$150 a pair; reed birds, \$150 a pair; woodcock, \$150 a pair; reed birds, \$150 a dezen, and grass plover, \$2 50 and \$3 a dozen. Venison sells at 20 cents a pound.

New California figs cost 15 cents a pound; new Fard dates, 20 cents a pound; quinces are worth \$1 to \$150 a basket; California peaches are slowly giving way to apples, but a box holding fifty can still be obtained for \$125 or \$175; Malaga grapes sell for 25 cents a pound; California Tokays, which have almost driven the Spanish grapes from the stands on the streets, cost 15 cents a pound. Mutton is said by the butchers to be cheaper. Mutton chops cost 25 cents a pound; rib chops are 22 cents a pound; hindquarters, to be cheaper, Mutton chops cost 25 cents a pound.

The prices of fish this week in Futton Market are extremely low, with one or two exceptions. Spanish mackerel are scarce, and the Southern fish costs 50 cents a pound. Bluenish sells for 10 cents a pound. Fresh mackerel cost 16 to 25 cents each.

A NEW SOCIETY INCORPORATED.

A NEW SOCIETY INCORPORATED.

A certificate of incoascration, approved by Justice Barrett, of the Supreme Court, was filed in the County (lerk's office yesterday, signed by John S. Huyler, Samuel H. Hadley, William Evars, George F. Langenbacher and Henry H. Hadley, as incorporators of the Christian Men's Union for Total Abstinence and Rescue Work. A national committee is named, to include the incorporators and Charles N. Crittenton, of New-York; the Rev. P. Fay Mills, of Rhode Island; John H. Murray, of Rochester, and H. M. Moore, of Boston, who, with three others to be selected by the incorporators, will constitute the Board of Managers. The National headquarters of the union will be formally opened on November 16 at No. 433 Lexington-ave., near Porty-second-st.

Clothing, 7 & 9 Waverley Place,

Four Doors West of Broadway, Announce that, owing to the utter impossibility of selling a big surplus stock in the customary trade channels, they have decided to sell AT

Retail at Wholesale Prices \$100,000 Stock

Of Fall and Winter Clothing, COMMENCING TO-DAY,

SATURDAY, NOV. 4th.

SUITS, LIGHT AND HEAVY-WEIGHT OVER-COATS, ULSTERS, TROUSERS, FULL DRESS SUITS, FANCY VESTS, etc., etc. The assortment is very complete in sizes, and the grading in qualities makes it possible to please every taste and

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UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK.

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